

Instruction Manual

SL SERIES

High Voltage Power Supply

MODEL: SERIAL#: DATE:

SPELLMAN
HIGH VOLTAGE ELECTRONICS
CORPORATION

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SL SERIES MANUAL 118005-001 Rev P

IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

SAFETY

THIS POWER SUPPLY GENERATES VOLTAGES THAT ARE DANGEROUS AND MAY BE FATAL.

OBSERVE EXTREME CAUTION WHEN WORKING WITH THIS EQUIPMENT.

High voltage power supplies must always be grounded.

Do not touch connections unless the equipment is off and the Capacitance of both the load and power supply is discharged.

Allow five minutes for discharge of internal capacitance of the power supply.

Do not ground yourself or work under wet or damp conditions.

SERVICING SAFETY

Maintenance may require removing the instrument cover with the power on.

Servicing should be done by qualified personnel aware of the electrical hazards.

WARNING note in the text call attention to hazards in operation of these units that could lead to possible injury or death.

CAUTION notes in the text indicate procedures to be followed to avoid possible damage to equipment.

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WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

SICHERHEIT

DIESES HOCHSPANNUNGSNETZTEIL ERZEUGT LEBENSGEFÄHRLICHE HOCHSPANNUNG. SEIN SIE SEHR VORSICHTIG BEI DER ARBEIT MIT DIESEM GERÄT.

Das Hochspannungsnetzteil muß immer geerdet sein.

Berühren Sie die Stecker des Netzteiles nur, wenn das Gerät ausgeschaltet ist und die elektrischen Kapazitäten des Netzteiles und der angeschlossenen Last entladen sind.

Die internen Kapazitäten des Hochspannungsnetzteiles benötigen ca. 5 Minuten, um sich zu entladen.

Erden Sie sich nicht, und arbeiten Sie nicht in feuchter oder nasser Umgebung.

SERVICESICHERHEIT

Notwendige Reparaturen können es erforderlich machen, den Gehäusedeckel während des Betriebes zu entfernen.

Reparaturen dürfen nur von qualifiziertem, eingewiesenem Personal ausgeführt werden.

"WARNING" im folgenden Text weist auf gefährliche Operationen hin, die zu Verletzungen oder zum Tod führen können.

"CAUTION" im folgenden Text weist auf Prozeduren hin, die genauestens befolgt werden müssen, um eventuelle Beschädigungen des Gerätes zu vermeiden.

PRECAUTIONS IMPORTANTES POUR VOTRE SECURITE

CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ

CETTE ALIMENTATION GÉNÈRE DES TENSIONS QUI SONT DANGEUREUSES ET PEUVENT ÊTRE FATALES. SOYEZ EXTRÊMENT VIGILANTS LORSQUE VOUS UTILISEZ CET ÉQUIPEMENT.

Les alimentations haute tension doivent toujours être mises à la masse.

Ne touchez pas les connectiques sans que l'équipement soit éteint et que la capacité à la fois de la charge et de l'alimentation soient déchargées.

Prévoyez 5 minutes pour la décharge de la capacité interne de l'alimentation.

Ne vous mettez pas à la masse, ou ne travaillez pas sous conditions mouillées ou humides.

CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ EN CAS DE REPARATION

La maintenance peut nécessiter l'enlèvement du couvercle lorsque l'alimentation est encore allumée.

Les réparations doivent être effectuées par une personne qualifiée et connaissant les risques électriques.

Dans le manuel, les notes marquées « **WARNING** » attire l'attention sur les risques lors de la manipulation de ces équipements, qui peuvent entrainer de possibles blessures voire la mort.

Dans le manuel, les notes marquées « **CAUTION** » indiquent les procédures qui doivent être suivies afin d'éviter d'éventuels dommages sur l'équipement.

IMPORTANTI PRECAUZIONI DI SICUREZZA

SICUREZZA

QUESTO ALIMENTATORE GENERA TENSIONI CHE SONO PERICOLOSE E POTREBBERO ESSERE MORTALI.
PONI ESTREMA CAUTELA QUANDO OPERI CON QUESO APPARECCHIO.

Gli alimentatori ad alta tensione devono sempre essere collegati ad un impianto di terra.

Non toccare le connessioni a meno che l'apparecchio sia stato spento e la capacità interna del carico e dell'alimentatore stesso siano scariche.

Attendere cinque minuti per permettere la scarica della capacità interna dell'alimentatore ad alta tensione.

Non mettere a terra il proprio corpo oppure operare in ambienti bagnati o saturi d'umidità.

SICUREZZA NELLA MANUTENZIONE

Manutenzione potrebbe essere richiesta, rimuovendo la copertura con apparecchio acceso.

La manutenzione deve essere svolta da personale qualificato, coscio dei rischi elettrici.

Attenzione alle **AVVERTENZE** contenute nel manuale, che richiamano all'attenzione ai rischi quando si opera con tali unità e che potrebbero causare possibili ferite o morte.

Le note di **CAUTELA** contenute nel manuale, indicano le procedure da seguire per evitare possibili danni all'apparecchio.



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Product manuals can be downloaded at: www.spellmanhv.com/manuals

(Not all product manuals are available for download)

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Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Description of the SL Series

The SL Series of high voltage power supplies provides very well regulated, low ripple high voltage in a highly efficient, compact design. The improvements in size and performance over traditionally designed high voltage power supplies are due to the resonant topology and unique control circuitry of the SL design. A proprietary control system maintains high frequency over the operating output range. High frequency operation allows a dynamic response time of less than 5 milliseconds, and one of the lowest ripple specifications in the industry at this power level. The combination of proprietary control system and proprietary protection circuitry enables the supplies to operate under arcing and extreme transient conditions without damage or interruptions.

The DC output voltage and current are continuously adjustable from zero to the maximum rating via two front panel ten-turn locking potentiometers. These high voltage power supplies have 0.005% load regulation, 0.005% line regulation, and 0.1% p-p ripple.

The supplies operate from either a 115 or 220 Volt, single phase AC line. Other line voltages are available. Options are listed in Table 1.1 and are described in Section 5. Custom designed units to meet special needs are also available.

1.2 Standard Features

The SL Series incorporates several standard features designed to optimize user satisfaction and safety.

- **SLOW START:** This feature provides a gradual increase in high voltage until the preset operating point is reached. The slow start time is factory set for 6 seconds. Other slow start times are available as an option.
- ARC DETECT / ARC QUENCH / ARC COUNT:
 These features allow the user to tailor the power supply to meet specific needs in dynamic load applications. If an arc occurs, the output is inhibited for approximately 0.5 second, then the output is ramped up to the preset level with the slow-start circuitry. See Chapter 3 for operating details and information for user customization of these features.
- INTERNAL FAULT PROTECTION: The SL Series continually monitors internal circuits critical to the proper operation of the power supply. In the event that one of these circuits does not function correctly, the fault detection circuit latches the appropriate fault on the front panel display and turns off the output and reverts the unit to the POWER DOWN mode.
- INDICATOR LAMPS: LINE POWER, HIGH VOLTAGE OFF AND HIGH VOLTAGE ON indicators.
- OUTPUT CABLE: All models are provided with a ten foot shielded high voltage output cable. The cables are designed with a plug arrangement so that they can be easily removed from the mating receptacle located on the rear of the chassis.

1.2.1 Remote Operating Features

- **REMOTE PROGRAMMING**: Allows remote adjustment of the output voltage and current via an external voltage source. The output power is also remotely controllable when the CPC or APT option is ordered, TB1 only.
- **REMOTE MONITOR**: Allows remote monitoring of the output voltage and current.

NOTE: Output power remote monitor is included with the CPC and APT options, TB1 only.

- REMOTE HIGH VOLTAGE CONTROL: Allows remote control of HIGH VOLTAGE ON and HIGH VOLTAGE OFF. Signals are also provided for remote indication of HV ON or HV OFF status.
- **EXTERNAL INHIBIT**: A control signal that will inhibit the high voltage output is provided on the external interface. A logic low, ground, will inhibit the high voltage output and a logic high, open, will restore the high voltage output to the preset level.
- **NOTE:** The External Inhibit circuit should NOT be used for protection against injury or for safety interlock. See External Interlock for this type of safety control.
- EXTERNAL INTERLOCK: Interlock connections are provided on the external interface on the rear of the chassis for connection to a safety switch. The unit will not operate unless the interlock circuit is closed. During high voltage operation, opening the interlock circuit will cause the High Voltage to shut off. This circuit should be used for safety interlock circuits.

1.2.2 System Status and Fault Diagnostic Display

"Dead Front" type indictors are provided to give the user complete indication of system operation and fault conditions. If a fault occurs, the power supply will revert to the POWER DOWN mode. This is indicated by both the HV ON and HV OFF lamps turning off. To reset, depress the HV OFF switch.

- VOLTAGE (CONTROL): Indicates the output voltage regulator circuit is maintaining voltage regulation.
- CURRENT (CONTROL): Indicates the output current regulator circuit is maintaining current regulation.
- **POWER (CONTROL):** Indicates the output power regulator circuit is maintaining power regulation (optional).
- **HV INHIBIT:** Indicates that the high voltage supply is being inhibited by either the EXTERNAL INHIBIT or internal protection circuitry.
- INTLK CLSD: Indicates the EXTERNAL INTERLOCK connections are in the closed position. This also indicates closure of internal power supply interlocks.

- INTKL OPEN: Indicates the EXTERNAL INTERLOCK connections are in the open position. This also indicates opening of internal power supply interlocks.
- **OVERVOLT:** Indicates the overvoltage protection circuitry has caused the power supply to turn off. Overvoltage protection is internally set to 110% of the rated output voltage.
- **OVERCURR**: Indicates the output current has exceeded the programmed current trip level when the AOL (Adjustable Overload Trip) or the OL (Overload Trip) options are installed.
- OVERPOWER: Indicates the output power has exceeded the internally set level or the remote programmed level if the optional circuitry is installed.
- ARC: Indicates that an arc has occurred within the previous one second or that the ARC COUNT/TRIP has shutdown the power supply.
- RGLT ERR: Indicates a failure in the voltage, current or power regulation circuitry. This fault usually occurs when there is a lack of output power to maintain regulation.

The options available are listed in Table 1.1. See Section 5 for more information on these options along with operating and set-up instructions. With few exceptions, these options and modifications can be retrofitted to your power supply at the factory in a short time. For price and retrofit arrangements, contact the Spellman Sales Department.

1.3 Options

AOL	Adjustable Overload Trip (0-103%)			
OL	Overload Trip (103%)			
APT	Adjustable Power Trip			
AT	Arc Trip			
FG	Floating Ground			
FGLL	Floating Ground, Low Leakage (10mA)			
CPC	Constant Power Control			
SS(x)	Non-Standard Slow Start			
NSS	No Slow Start			
IO	Instant ON			
LR	Low Ripple (0.05% p-p)			
()	Specify 220V or 100V or 200Vac Single Phase Input With Order.			
DPM4	4 1/2 Digit ± 1 Least Significant Digit Panel Mtr			
PN	Reversible Polarity			
FPS	Filament Power Supply			
LL (x)	Extra Length Output Cable in Feet			
С	3 1/2" High (2U) Cabinet For Multiple Units			
SL	Slides			
EFR	External Fault Relay			
BFP	Blank Front Panel			

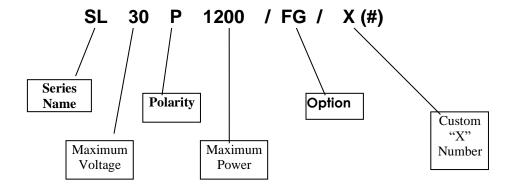
Table 1.1 SL Options

1.4 Interpreting the Model Number

The model number of the power supply describes its capabilities. After the series name is:

- 1. the maximum voltage (in KV).
- 2. the polarity of the unit: positive (P), negative (N) or reversible (PN).
- 3. the maximum output (in watts).
- 4. the option codes for all options that are included.

Custom units have an X number after the option codes.



Chapter 2

INSPECTION & INSTALLATION

Initial inspection and preliminary checkout procedures are recommended. For safe operation, please follow the step-by-step procedures described in Chapter 3, Operating Systems.

2.1 Initial Inspection

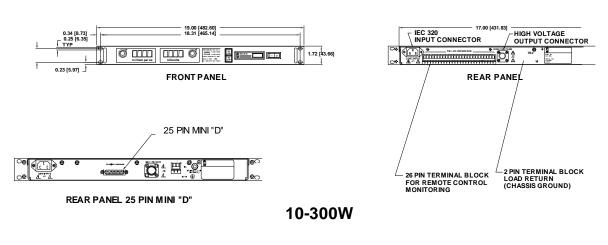
Inspect the package exterior for evidence of damage due to handling in transit. Notify the carrier and Spellman immediately if damage is evident. Do not destroy or remove any of the packing material used in a damaged shipment.

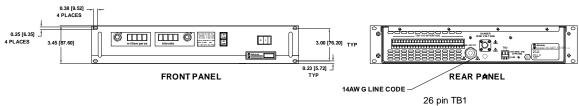
After unpacking, inspect the panel and chassis for visible damage.

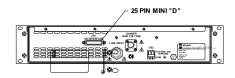
Fill out and mail the Warranty Registration card accompanying the unit. Standard Spellman SL Series high voltage power supplies and components are covered by warranty. Custom and special order models (with an X suffix and the model number) are also covered by warranty.

2.2 Mechanical Installation

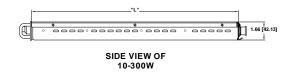
Units in the SL Series have front panel holes for standard EIA rack mounting. The rack must allow rear access for cable connections. Units are fully enclosed and are suitable for bench or table top operation. Standard unit dimensions are shown in Figure 2.1. It is strongly recommended to support the chassis by guides or slides. Slides are available for ease of servicing (SL option).







600-1200W



OUTPUT VOLTAGE	"L"
1 TO 70	19.00
80 TO 130	24.00

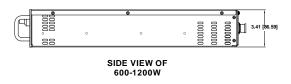


Figure 2.1 - SL Dimension

Chapter 3

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 Operation

WARNING

THIS EQUIPMENT GENERATES DANGEROUS VOLTAGES THAT MAY BE FATAL.

PROPER GROUNDING OF ALL HIGH VOLTAGE EQUIPMENT IS ESSENTIAL.

WARNING

BEFORE CONNECTING THE POWER SUPPLY TO THE AC LINE, FOLLOW THIS STEP BY STEP PROCEDURE.

DO NOT CONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY TO THE AC LINE UNTIL STEP H IS REACHED.

Failure to follow these procedures may void the warranty.

- A) Insure that the Circuit Breaker is in the OFF position (0).
- B) Check the input voltage rating on the nameplate of the supply and make certain that this is the rating of the available power source. Spellman SL Series units operate on 115Vac (220Vac if 220Vac option is ordered), single phase unless ordered with a different input voltage.
- C) **PROPER GROUNDING TECHNIQUES:** The chassis of high voltage power supplies must be grounded, preferably to a water system ground using copper pipe or other earth ground using the ground stud B1 at the rear of the unit. See Figure 3.1 for a typical operating set-up.

The return line from the load should be connected to the ground pin terminal block TB2-1, on the rear of the power supply. Using a separate external ground at the load is not recommended. 10W-300W units are provided with IEC type line cable. 600W-1200W units are provided with a three conductor line cord.

- D) Attach the output cable to the load.
- E) Plug the high-voltage output cable provided with the unit into the rear of the supply and hand tighten the knurled collar.
- F) **OPTIONS NOTE**: See Section 5 for hook-up and operating instructions for the options on your unit. Custom models may also require set-up changes.
- G) For initial turn-on, rotate the KILOVOLT control fully counter-clockwise to the zero voltage position.
- H) The input power cable may now be connected to the AC power line.
- I) Switch the front panel circuit breaker to the ON position (1). (If the supply is to be turned off for an extensive period of time, the line cord should be disconnected). The light inside the circuit breaker should light up. The unit is now in the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF mode. The HIGH VOLTAGE OFF light should be lit.

CAUTION

J) Depress and hold the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF switch. The front panel meters will now read the preset value of the KILOVOLT control dial and the MILLIAMPERES control dial. To preset the desired level of current and voltage during operation, hold in the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF switch and rotate the appropriate control dial while noting its corresponding meter reading. Release the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF switch.

NOTE: No actual output is being produced at this stage.

- K) Depress the HIGH VOLTAGE ON switch. The light inside the switch should light up and the output will slow start to the preset level output voltage and/or output current.
- **NOTE:** The SL Series is equipped with a slow start circuit that ramps the output up to its maximum setting in approximately 6 seconds after the HIGH VOLTAGE ON switch is depressed.
- L) To terminate the generation of output power, depress the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF switch. In the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF mode the power supply's fault and interface circuits are still active.
- M) To turn off the power supply, turn the circuit breaker to the off position (0).

NOTE: If a power supply fault, or system monitoring fault occurs, the power supply will revert to the POWER DOWN mode. In this mode the output power will be turned off. The HV OFF lamp will be off. To reset, depress the HV OFF switch.

WARNING

AFTER TURNOFF, DO NOT HANDLE THE LOAD UNTIL THE CAPACITANCE HAS BEEN DISCHARGED!

LOAD CAPACITANCE MAY BE DISCHARGED BY SHORTING TO GROUND.

WARNING

THE VOLTMETER ON THE POWER SUPPLY FRONT PANEL DOES NOT READ THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE WHEN THE POWER IS TURNED OFF, EVEN IF A CHARGE STILL EXISTS ON THE LOAD.

ALWAYS OPERATE THE UNIT WITH THE COVER ON.

A fan maintains safe operating temperature in 600W-1200W power supplies by drawing air over the circuit components. The cover must be on in order to direct the air flow over the areas that need cooling. In operation, the unit must be placed so that the air intake and the fan exhaust are clear of obstructions that might impede the flow of air. The 10W-300W units do not use forced air cooling. Simply maintain ambient temperature specifications.

3.2 Standard Features

A note on remote interface circuitry and remote signal grounding. Whenever possible, electrical isolation should be provided when interfacing with any high voltage power supply. For power control signals such as EXTERNAL INTERLOCK, HIGH VOLTAGE OFF, AND HIGH VOLTAGE ON, isolated relay contacts should be used. For status signals and control signals such as HIGH VOLTAGE ON, HIGH VOLTAGE OFF, and EXTERNAL INHIBIT, etc., opto-isolation should be used. If possible, analog programming and monitoring signals should be isolated via analog isolation amplifiers. Spellman application engineers are available to assist in interface circuitry design. All interface cables should be properly shielded. All power supply signals should be referenced to the power supplies signal ground on the rea external interface.

• **REMOTE PROGRAMMING:** Allows remote adjustment of the output voltage and current via an external voltage source. (Output power is also remotely controllable with the CPC and APT options). In local control (front panel control), jumpers are installed on the external interface TB1 (or J5) in the rear of the chassis between TB-10 (J5-10) and TB1-11 (J5-11) for voltage control and between TB1-8 (J5-8) and TB1-9 (J5-9) for current control.

For remote programming, the jumpers are removed and a positive voltage source, from 0V to 10V, is applied to the appropriate terminals. Programming signals should be referenced to TB1-1 (J5-1), signal ground. By adjusting the voltage source from 0V (zero output) to 10V (full rated output), the desired output can be selected. See Figure 3.2A on page 13 for the wiring diagram and specifications.

An alternate method of controlling the output remotely is by using external resistance, such as a potentiometer or a resistor network. For remote control the jumpers are removed and the desired register configuration installed. See Figure 3.2B on page 13 for the wiring diagram.

- e **REMOTE MONITOR:** Test points are made available at the terminal block on the rear of the chassis for monitoring the voltage and current output. (Output power monitor is included with the CPC and APT option). The test points are always positive regardless of the output polarity where 0V to 10V equals 0 to 100% of the output ±0.5%. Test points have an output impedance of 5K ohms. See Figure 3.3 on page 14 for the test point designation.
- **REMOTE CONTROL:** Remote control of the HIGH VOLTAGE ON and HIGH VOLTAGE OFF can be accomplished via the rear panel interface. HIGH VOLTAGE OFF and HIGH VOLTAGE ON can be controlled by momentary normally closed and normally open contacts respectively. See Figure 3.4 on page 14 for the recommended interface.
- **EXTERNAL INHIBIT:** Allows the user to inhibit the power supply output without switching HIGH VOLTAGE OFF control. This circuit can be used to generate fast slewing output waveforms or control of high voltage generation as in Laser and Capacitor discharge applications. The maximum inhibit rate should not exceed 5Hz. Consult the factory for higher repetition rates or high pulse load applications. See Figure 3.5 on 15 for the recommended interface circuit.

WARNING

IT IS EXTREMELY DANGEROUS TO USE THIS INHIBIT CIRCUIT TO INHIBIT HIGH VOLTAGE GENERATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF SERVICING OR APPROACHING ANY AREA OR LOAD CONSIDERED UNSAFE DURING NORMAL USE.

• **EXTERNAL INTERLOCK:** Interlock connections are provided on the terminal block TB1-3 (J5-3) and TB1-4 (J5-4) on the rear of the chassis for connection to a safety switch. The unit will not operate unless the interlock circuit is closed. If the interlock is not being used, the jumper installed on the terminals

before shipping must be in place. If the jumper is missing, or there is an opening between the interlock terminals, the unit's high voltage inverter will be disabled. During high voltage operation, revert to the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF mode. Subsequent closing of the interlock circuit will NOT return the unit to the HIGH VOLTAGE ON mode. This must be accomplished by depressing the HIGH VOLTAGE ON switch. See Figure 3.6 on page 15 for the recommended interface circuit

• ARC DETECT / ARC QUENCH / ARC COUNT: The ARC DETECT circuit senses dynamic arcing or discharge conditions present at the output load. If an arc occurs, the output is inhibited for one second. After the 0.5 second period, the output is ramped up to the previous set level. This ramp is based on the standard six second slow start feature. The ARC DETECT ramp circuit may be disabled by removing CR32 on the Control/Power Pwb. Caution should be observed if this feature is disabled. Discharge rates of greater then 1Hz may cause excessive power dissipation in the power supply's output limiting resistors.

The ARC COUNT feature will allow the user to program the ARC fault parameters. The ARC indicator on the front panel will illuminate for approximately one second after each arc has occurred. The power supply can be programmed to trip the POWER DOWN mode if an arc occurs.

The standard feature is programmed to trip the power supply if 8 arcs occur within a twenty second period.

- REMOTE HIGH VOLTAGE ON & REMOTE HIGH VOLTAGE OFF: Signals are provided for remote monitoring of the HIGH VOLTAGE ON/OFF status. See Figure 3.7 on page 16 for recommended interface.
- REMOTE MODE INDICATORS: Signals are provided for remote indication of the control mode status, voltage control, current control, and power control. See Figure 3.8 on page 17 for the recommended interface.

It is recommended to connect the load return directly to Pin 1 of TB2 terminal block located on the rear of the high voltage power supply.

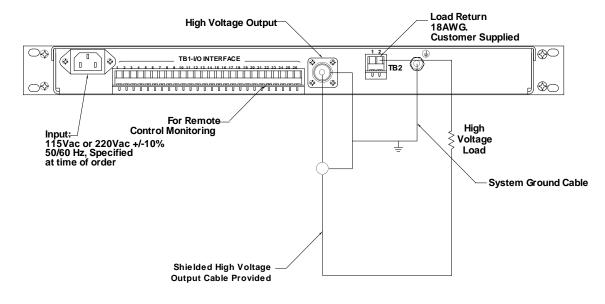


Figure 3.1 -- Typical Operating Setup NOTE:

On standard units, TB2-1,-2 are connected to chassis ground internally.

Т	В1	SIGNAL	SIGNAL PARAMETERS
1		Power Supply Common	Signal Ground
2	2	External Inhibit	Ground = Inhibit, Open = HV ON
3	3	External Interlock	+15V at Open, <15mA at Closed
4	ļ	External Interlock Return	Return For Interlock
5	5	Current Monitor	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
6	5	kV Test Point	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
7	7	+10V Reference	+10.24V, 1mA Max
8	3	Remote Current Program In	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
9)	Local Current Program Out	Front Panel Program Voltage
1	.0	Remote Voltage Program In	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
1	.1	Local Voltage Program Out	Front Panel Program Voltage
1	.2	Power Monitor (TB1 only)	
			0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Power (Optional)
1	.3	Remote Power Program In (TB1 only)	
1	4	Local HV OFF Out	+15V at Open, < 25mA at Closed.
			Connect to HV OFF For FP Operation
1	.5	HV OFF	
1	.6	Remote HV ON	+15V, 10mA Max = HV ON
1	7	Remote HV OFF Indicator	0 = HV ON, +15V, 10mA Max = HV OFF
1	.8	Remote HV ON Indicator	0 = HV OFF, +15V, 10mA Max = HV ON
1	9	Remote Voltage Mode	
2	20	Remote Current Mode	Open Collector 50V Max, 10mA Max On = Active
2	21	Remote Power Mode	
2	22	Remote PS Fault	0 = Fault, +15V, 0.1 mA Max = No Fault
2	23	+15V Output	+15V, 100mA Max
2	24	Power Supply Common	Signal Ground
2	25	Spare	Spare
2	26	Shield Return	Chassis Ground

Table 3.1 - Rear Panel Interface 26 pin TB1

J5	SIGNAL	SIGNAL PARAMETERS
 1	Power Supply Common	Signal Ground
 2	External Inhibit	Ground = Inhibit, Open = HV ON
3	External Interlock	+15V at Open, <15mA at Closed
4	External Interlock Return	Return For Interlock
5	Current Monitor	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
6	kV Test Point	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
7	+10V Reference	+10.24V, 1mA Max
8	Remote Current Program In	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
9	Local Current Program Out	Front Panel Program Voltage
10	Remote Voltage Program In	0 to 10V = 0 to 100% Rated Output
11	Local Voltage Program Out	Front Panel Program Voltage
 12	EFR (Common)	
		Optional External Fault Relay
13	EFR (Normally Open)	
14	Local HV Off Out	+15V at Open, < 25mA at Closed.
\vdash		Connect to HV OFF For FP Operation
15	HV OFF	
16	Remote HV ON	+15V, 10mA Max = HV ON
17	Remote HV OFF Indicator	0 = HV ON, +15V, 10mA Max = HV OFF
18	Remote HV ON Indicator	0 = HV OFF, +15V, 10mA Max = HV ON
19	Remote Voltage Mode	
20	Remote Current Mode	Open Collector 50V Max, 10mA Max On = Active
 21	Remote Power Mode	
22	Remote PS Fault	0 = Fault, +15V, 0.1 Ma Max = No Fault
 23	+15V Output	+15V, 100mA Max
24	Power Supply Common	Signal Ground
25	Shield Return	Chassis Ground

Table 3.2 - Rear Panel Interface 25 pin Mini D

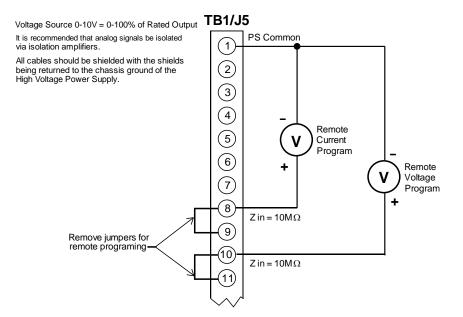


Figure 3.2A -- Wiring Diagram for Remote Programming Via Voltage

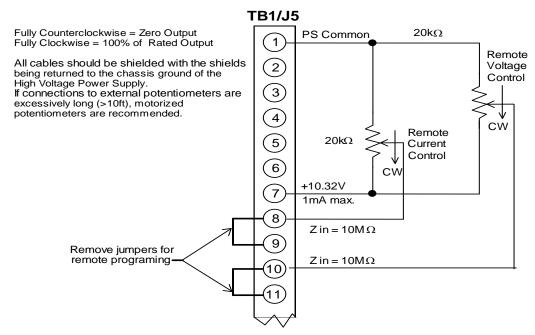


Figure 3.2B -- Wiring Diagram for Remote Programming Via External

It is recommended that analog signals be isolated via isolation amplifiers. All cables should be shielded with the shield being returned to the chassis ground of the high voltage power supply.

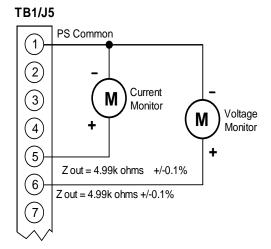


Figure 3.3 -- Remote Monitor Test Point Designations

S1 must be closed to enable HIGH VOLTAGE. Momentary closure of S2 will enable HIGH VOLTAGE ON. Opening S1 will disable HIGH VOLTAGE ON and

switch the unit to the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF mode.

It is recommended to use relay contacts for S1 and S2. Relays should be located as close as possible to the high voltage power supply. Coils should be driven from isolated sources. Signals are at 15Vdc, 25mA max., and are only to be used for contact closure.

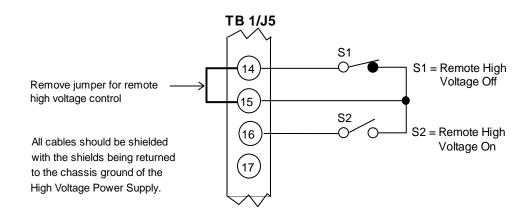


Figure 3.4 Remote Control Of High Voltage On and High Voltage Off Interface

The transistor should be located as close as possible to the power supply

All cables should be shielded with the shields being returned to the chassis ground of the High Voltage Power Supply.

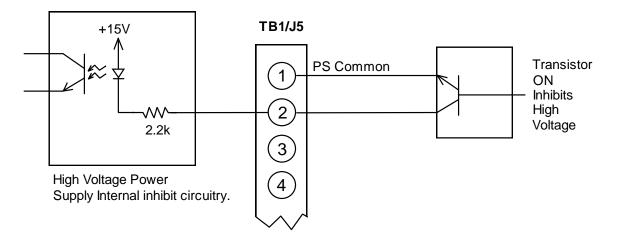
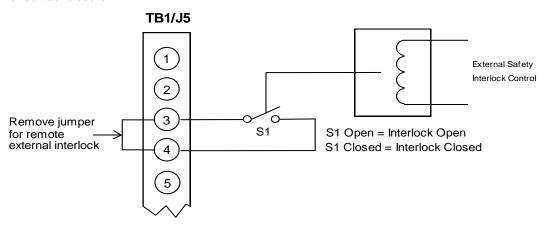


Figure 3.5 -- External Inhibit Interface Circuit

Relay contacts are recommended for S1. The relay should be located as close as possible to the power supply. Signals are at 15Vdc, 25mA max and are only to be used for contact closure.



All cables should be shielded with the shields being returned to the chassis ground of the High Voltage Power Supply.

Figure 3.6 -- External Interlock Interface

12Vdc lamps or relay coils may replace opto-couplers.
Opto-couplers, lamps or relays should be located as close as possible to the high voltage power supply.
All cables should be shielded with the shields being returned to the chassis ground of the High Voltage Power Supply.

TB1/J5

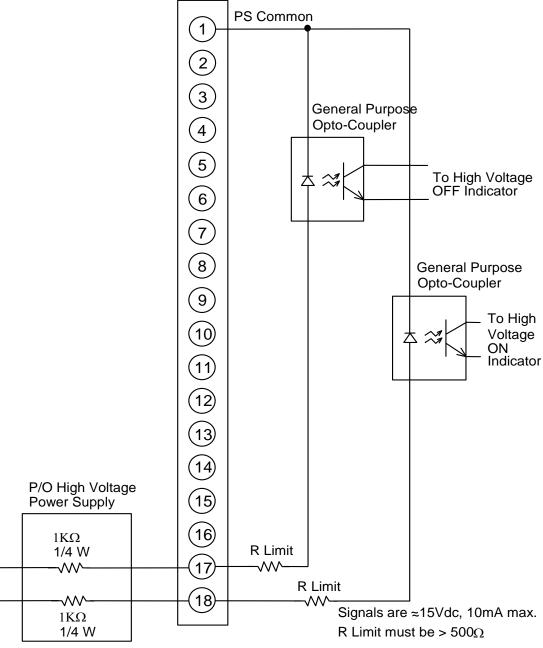


Figure 3.7 -- Remote High Voltage On and Remote High Voltage Off Indicator

SL SERIES MANUAL 16 118006-001 REV AB

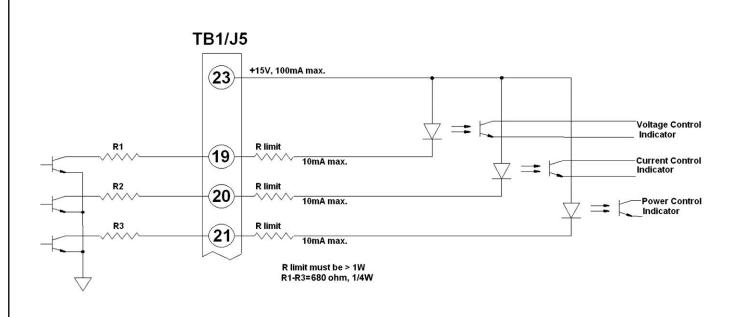


Figure 3.8 -- Remote Mode Indicators Interface

Chapter 4

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

The SL Series of high voltage power supplies utilizes sophisticated power conversion technology. A variety of analog, digital and power conversion techniques are used throughout. The intention of the Principles of Operation is to introduce the basic function blocks that comprise the SL power supply. For details on a specific circuit, consult Spellman's Engineering Department.

See Table 4.1 for a list of the main assemblies found in a typical SL power supply.

• Due to the many variations within the SL Series, drawing numbers may differ from unit to unit.

The SL power supply is basically an AC to DC power converter. Within the power supply, conversions of AC to DC then to high frequency AC, then to high voltage DC take place. By reviewing further the sub-assemblies, a basic understanding of the process can be gained.

4.1 Chassis

The SL is a compact, high efficiency, high voltage power supply. The power supply can supply up to 1200 watts of DC power. (Output power capability may be higher or lower depending upon the model ordered). Output voltages of up to 130kV can be generated.

WARNING

The energy levels used and generated by the power supply can be lethal! Do not attempt to operate the power supply unless the user has a sufficient knowledge of the dangers and hazards of working with high voltage. Do not attempt to approach or touch any internal or external circuits or components that are connected or have been connected to the power supply. Be certain to discharge any stored energy that may be present before and after the power supply is used. Consult IEEE recommended practices for safety in high voltage testing #510-1983.

4.2 Line Rectification And Filtering

Basic single phase rectification provides the DC voltage for the high frequency inverter.

ASSEMBLY TITLE	ASSEMBLY DRAWING NO.		SCHEMATIC DRAWING NO.	
	J5	TB1	J5	TB1
SL Chassis (10W-300W)	403919-016	403917-001	440643-003	440530-001
SL Chassis (600W-1200W)	403920-001	403918-001	440643-004	440617-001
Control / Power PWB (to 300W)	404065-005	403911-001	440570-002	440528-001
Control / Power PWB (600W-1200W)	404581-001	403935-TAB	440687-002	440538-001
High Voltage Assy (to 300W)	40393	0-TAB	44053	33-001
High Voltage Assy (600W-1200W)	403931-TAB		44053	34-001
Front Panel PWB	403895-001		44052	25-001

Table 4.1-List of Main Assemblies

In general, the following variations can be ordered:

- 100Vac $\pm 10\%$, 50 to 60Hz, single phase.
- 115Vac $\pm 10\%$, 50 to 60Hz, single phase.
- 200Vac $\pm 10\%$, 50 to 60Hz, single phase.
- 220Vac \pm 10%, 50 to 60Hz, single phase.

Other input voltages can be accommodated. If the user is unsure of which input voltage option is supplied, check the serial tag on the rear of the power supply or consult Spellman's Sales Department.

Circuit protection is provided by a front panel circuit breaker. The circuit breaker is a fast acting magnetic trip type circuit breaker. The line input is connected directly to the line side of the circuit breaker whereas the load side is connected to the CONTROL/POWER PWB. The load side of the breaker is also connected to a step-down type line transformer. This transformer provides voltage for housekeeping and control circuit power.

WARNING

LINE VOLTAGE IS PRESENT WHENEVER THE POWER SUPPLY IS CONNECTED TO EXTERNAL LINE VOLTAGES. BE SURE TO DISCONNECT THE LINE CORD BEFORE OPENING THE UNIT. ALLOW 5 MINUTES FOR INTERNAL CAPACITANCE TO DISCHARGE BEFORE REMOVING ANY COVER.

When the circuit breaker is ON, voltage is applied to an isolated diode rectifier bridge, which contains the rectifier diodes used for line voltage rectification. The output of this bridge rectifier is connected to a capacitor filter. Capacitors are initially charged through NTC type or resistive inrush limiters.

For 150W and higher configurations, approximately 3 seconds after the circuit breaker is turned on, a relay is

energized to short the NTC or resistor limiters. This DC voltage is supplied to the high frequency inverter.

The DC rails are connected to the high frequency rail capacitors. These capacitors are high frequency, low loss type, which provides the energy storage for the high frequency inverter.

4.3 Inverter

The inverter is a series resonant, series/parallel loaded topology. A proprietary control scheme is used for regulating the power generated from the inverter. The switching devices are Mosfets up to 300W, and IGBT's for power levels above 300W. These devices provide high frequency switching to control the resonant current flow. The typical resonant operating period is approximately 10 µSeconds. The gate control for the switching devices is provided by the application circuitry located on the CONTROL/POWER PWB. The CONTROL/POWER PWB also provides circuitry for sensing shoot thru and overcurrent conditions in the inverter.

4.4 High Voltage Transformer

The output of the High Frequency Resonant Inverter is connected to the primary of the High Voltage Transformer. The High Voltage Transformer is a set up type. Typical secondary voltages are in the range of 1kV to 4.5kV depending upon the output voltage ratings.

4.5 High Voltage Assembly

The High Voltage Assembly will vary depending upon the model ordered. The circuitry typically consists of a full wave, full bridge, or full wave doubler for voltage outputs in the range of 1kV to 8kV. The higher voltage ranges utilize various parallel, series arrangements of a full wave voltage doubler.

Output filtering is typically provided by an R-C type filter. Voltage feedback for regulation and monitoring is provided by a high bandwidth resistive/capacitive divider. Current feedback for regulation and monitoring is provided by a sense resistor connected at the low voltage end of the High Voltage Rectifier/Multiplier Circuit.

4.6 Control/Power PWB

The majority of control circuits for power supply controls are located on the CONTROL/POWER PWB. +15VDC, -15VDC, and +10VDC is generated on the CONTROL/POWER PWB. High Voltage On/Off control is accomplished by K3, and its associated circuitry. Interlock control is provided by K4.

Voltage feedback from the high voltage divider is sent to the control board via a mass terminated ribbon cable. Gain adjustment is provided on the HV PWB. The KV feedback signal is sent to the front panel DVM and to the REAR PANEL TERMINAL BLOCK for remote monitoring. K2 provides switching between feedback and program signal for the front panel DVM's. This allows the user to preset the desired output before energizing high voltage.

Program voltages are typically ramped up to set level by a slow start circuit.

An arc sense circuit provides sensing, quench and indicator of arc conditions. Consult the operation manual for a detailed description of the arc sense control.

Current feedback from the high voltage rectifier is sent to sense resistors located on the High Voltage Assembly. Calibrated feedback is then sent to the applicable circuitry on the Control/Power Board.

U12 and U13 circuits provide visual indication of the control mode, which is in operation. These signals are sent to the FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY for front panel status indication.

The resonant control circuitry consists of a voltage to frequency and a voltage to pulse width converter. U17 generates all frequency and pulse width control signals. U16 provides specific control functions for the resonant control.

Power supply inhibit circuits are provided by U22 and K3. System Fault control and Indication is provided by U19, U20 and U21, and associated circuitry. Diagnostic signals are latched and then sent to the FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY for status indication.

4.7 Front Panel Assembly

Front Panel controls, meters and status indications are connected to the FRONT PANEL PWB. The FRONT PANEL PWB interfaces directly to the CONTROL/POWER PWB.

4.8 Options

Due to the many variations of models and options provided in the SL Series, details of actual circuits used may differ slightly from the above descriptions. Consult Spellman's Engineering Department for questions regarding the principles of operation for the SL Series.

Chapter 5

OPTIONS

The options available for this power supply are described in this section. Interface diagrams are shown where required. Options are specified by including the option code in the model number as described in Section 1.5.

5.1 Adjustable Overload Trip --AOL

The overload trip protection feature rapidly shuts down the high voltage output when the current exceeds the limit set by the current control dial on the front panel. A fast acting circuit inhibits the generation of high voltage and reverts the unit to POWER DOWN mode, illuminating the OVER CURRENT indicator. When adjustable overload trip is provided, it replaces the standard current regulation feature.

5.2 220Vac Single Phase Input--220

SL Series power supplies with the 220Vac input option will operate from an input voltage of 220Vac RMS $\pm 10\%$, 50 to 60Hz, single phase.

5.3 No Slow Start--NSS

The no slow start option causes the output voltage of the power supply to rise (within 50 msec) to the rated voltage upon depressing the HIGH VOLTAGE ON switch.

5.4 Non-Standard Slow Start--SS(x)

The non-standard slow start option allows the gradual rise time of the output voltage to be different from the standard of six seconds. To order the option place the time desired in seconds after the suffix letter, i.e. SS (10) denotes a 10 second rise time.

5.5 Extra Length Output Cable--LL(ft)

Standard output cable is 10 feet of shielded high voltage cable. Other lengths may be specified in multiples of 10 feet.

5.6 Floating Ground--FG

The floating ground option allows isolation of the power supply common from the chassis ground. TB2 located on the rear panel provides connection to the power supply common circuit and to the chassis ground. This signal can be used for a variety of applications. A typical application for FG is for connection of an external meter or circuit into the FG signal point. This circuit can monitor actual current flow at a low voltage level. See Figure 5.1 for typical connection to the floating ground terminal.

NOTE: On standard units, TB2-1 and TB2-2 are connected to the chassis grounded internally. Maximum floating ground voltage is 15V. Typically, the total leakage current of the floating terminal to the chassis terminal is less that 1µA. It is important to realize there are two separate components to this leakage current. The first component is leakage current caused by the coupling of the 60Hz line magnetics to the power supply circuitry. This component can be measured when the power supply is ON and in the HIGH VOLTAGE OFF mode. The second component is the leakage current caused by the coupling of the HVDC circuits to the chassis. The component can be measured by first recording the leakage current in the HV OFF mode, and then recording the leakage at the desired HV setting. The difference between the two values is the HVDC leakage current.

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5.7 Floating Ground Low Leakage--FGLL

The Low Leakage floating ground option also provides isolation of the power supply common from the chassis ground with a maximum leakage current of 10nA. The typical connections are the same as for the regular Floating Ground Option described in Section 5.6. As stated above in the FG Option description, the FGLL leakage current is also comprised of two components. The 60Hz component is the same as the FG option ($<1\mu$ A). However, in the FGLL option the HVDC leakage current is less than 10 nanoAmps.

IMPORTANT

The power supply common must be connected to the chassis ground through a low impedance circuit. The power supply common is clamped to the chassis ground using a power zener diode. This diode is not intended to clamp under continuous operation. On higher current units the power dissipation within the zener diode can be excessive if allowed to clamp.

5.8 Adjustable Power Trip/Constant Power Control (TB1 only)--APT/CPC

The power control options allow monitoring and control of the power supply output power. The APT option allows the user to remotely adjust the power limit for the power supply. If the power limit is exceeded, the unit will shut down with an OVERPOWER fault. The CPC option allows power regulation via an internal preset potentiometer, or a remote program source. When the unit is in power regulation, the POWER CONTROL status indicator will be illuminated. See Figure 5.2 for remote interface.

5.9 Arc Trip Option--AT

When this option is ordered, the Arc Count circuit is set so the unit trips to Standby after 1 count. One of the applications for this option is for sensing a material breakdown under an applied high voltage.

5.10 Reversible Polarity Option--PN

5.10.1 Models from 1 kV to 8kV

For units from 1 kV to 8kV, the polarity may be reversed in the field by following the procedures shown in Figure 5.3.

5.10.2 Models From 10Kv To 130Kv

When this option is ordered, a second multiplier is provided to permit the user to replace the existing multiplier with another of reverse polarity. See Figure 5.4 for a step by step procedure.

5.11 Instant On--IO

When the Instant On Option is ordered, the High Voltage is enabled as soon as line voltage is applied when the circuit breaker is in the ON position. (See Figure 5.7)

To enable Instant On, keep the jumper between TB1-14 and TB1-15 attached. Connect an additional jumper from TB1-15 to TB1-16 as shown in Figure 5.7.

CAUTION

The Power Supply will generate programmed High Voltage whenever the circuit breaker is in the ON position, and line voltage is applied.

5.12 External Fault Relay Option EFR

The external fault relay option provides a set of customer accessible relay contacts that are controlled by the fault status circuitry of the applicable SL Series power supply. A standard SL power supply will revert to the "power down" mode with a visual front panel indication if any of the following fault conditions occur:

- **Overvoltage:** Greater than 110% of maximum output voltage was produced by the power supply.
- **Overcurrent**: Greater than 104% of maximum output current was produced by the power supply or the AOL circuitry was activated.
- Overtemperature: Excessive temperature has been sensed within the chassis.
- **Regulation Error:** Lack of required output power to maintain regulation
- **Arc (Shutdown):** Arc sensing circuit has shut down the supply due to excessive arcing.
- **Overpower:** The power supply has exceeded the internally set power limit level, if such circuitry is installed.

With the installation of the EFR option for TB1, if any of these faults occur, a relay will be activated to provide a remote indication that the power supply has reverted to the "power down" mode. The common, normally open and normally closed set of contacts are provided. Relay contacts are rated at 1A at 30Vdc or 0.5A at 48Vac.

Connections on the rear panel Terminal Block (TB1) can be made as follows:

TB1-23	(J5-12)	Relay Common
TB1-24	(J5-NA)	Normally Closed
TB1-25	(J5-13)	Normally Open

Resetting the front panel and EFR relay is accomplished by depressing the green front panel HV OFF push-button switch, which reverts the power supply back to the "standby" mode. Removal and reapplication of the AC line input voltage will also reset any fault.

The circuitry and components required for the EFR option are installed at the factory when this option is ordered.

5.13 Custom Designed Models-X#

Units built to customer specification are assigned an X number by the factory. If this unit is an X model, a specification control sheet is added at the end of the test of this instruction manual.

Spellman welcomes the opportunity to customize units to fit your requirements or to develop new products for your applications. Contact the Spellman Sales Department with your needs.

Possible FG termination circuits To internal high voltage FG option return circuits. units are CR1 M shipped with external jumper. Pin 2 internally connected to power supply TB2 chassis.

Zener voltage is 18V standard. Up to 50V is available. Consult factory. * IMPORTANT: Power dissipation in CR1 should not exceed 1/2W. This can be accomplished by keeping TB3-1 and TB3-2 voltage below Zener voltage. CR1 is for safety and transient protection only, and is not designed for continuous clamping.

Figure 5.1 -- Floating Ground Interface Circuit

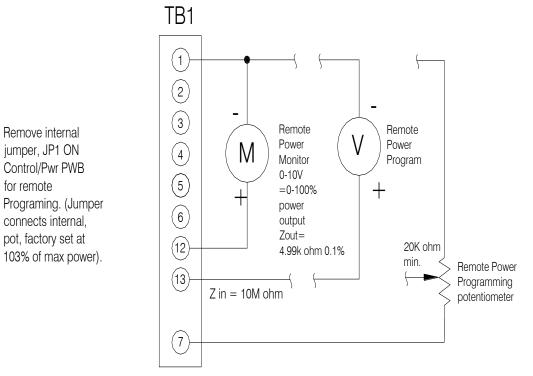


Figure 5.2 -- Adjustable Power Remote Interface TB1 Only

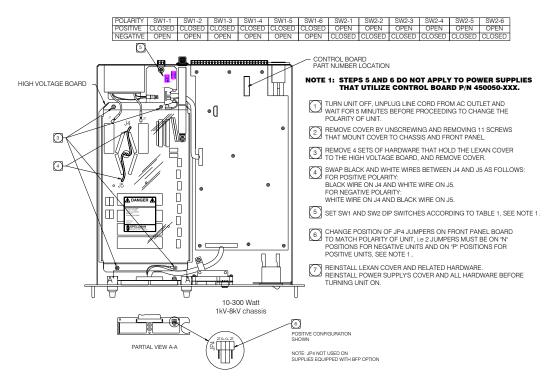


Figure 5.3 - Polarity Reversal Procedure 10W to 300W, 1kV to 8kV Chassis

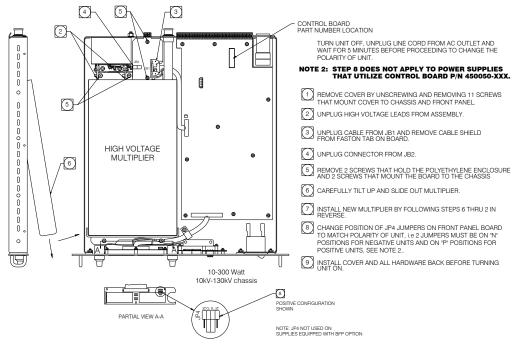
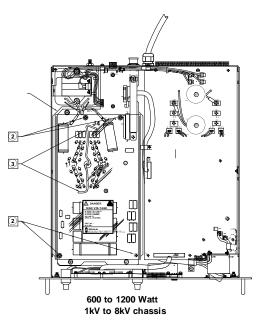


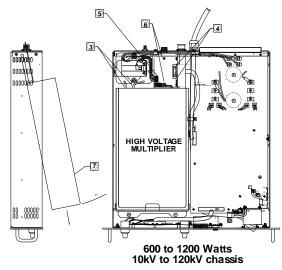
Figure 5.4 -Polarity Reversal Procedure 10W to 300W, 10kV to 130kV Chassis



TURN UNIT OFF, UNPLUG LINE CORD FROM AC OUTLET AND WAT FOR 5 MINUTES BEFORE PROCEEDING TO CHANGE THE HIGH VOLTAGE MULTIPLIER.

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$ REMOVE COVER BY UNSCREWING AND REMOVING 12 SCREWS THAT MOUNT COVER TO CHASSIS AND FRONT PANEL.
- [2] REMOVE 4 SETS OF HARDWARE THAT HOLD THE LEXAN COVER TO THE HIGH VOLTAGE BOARD, AND REMOVE COVER.
- 3 SWAP BLACK AND WHITE WIRES BETWEEN J4 AND J5 AS FOLLOWS: FOR POSITIVE POLARITY:
 BLACK WIRE ON J4 AND WHITE WIRE ON J5.
 FOR NEGATIVE POLARITY:
 WHITE WIRE ON J4 AND BLACK WIRE ON J5.
- REINSTALL LEXAN COVER AND RELATED HARDWARE.
 REINSTALL POWER SUPPLY'S COVER AND ALL HARDWARE BEFORE
 TURNING UNIT ON.

Figure 5.5 -- Polarity Reversal Procedures 600W to 1200W, 1kV to 8kV Chassis



- TURN UNIT OFF, UNPLUG LINE CORD FROM AC OUTLET AND WAIT FOR 5 MINUTES BEFORE PROCEEDING TO CHANGE THE HIGH VOLTAGE MULTIPLIER.
- 2 REMOVE COVER BY UNSCREWING AND REMOVING 12 SCREWS THAT MOUNT COVER TO CHASSIS AND FRONT PANEL.
- 3 UNPLUG HIGH VOLTAGE LEADS FROM ASSEMBLY.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \beg$
- 5 UNPLUG CONNECTOR FROM JB2.
- 6 REMOVE 2 SCREWS THAT HOLD THE POLYETHYLENE ENCLOSURE AND THE BOARD TO THE CHASSIS
- 7 CAREFULLY TILT UP AND SLIDE OUT MULTIPLIER.
- INSTALL NEW MULTIPLIER BY FOLLOWING STEPS 6 THRU 2 IN REVERSE.
- INSTALL COVER AND ALL HARDWARE BACK BEFORE TURNING UNIT ON.

Figure 5.6 -- Polarity Reversal Procedure 600W to1200W, 10kV to 120kV Chassis

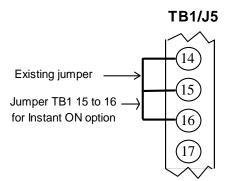


Figure 5.7 -- Instant ON

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Chapter 6

MAINTENANCE

This section describes periodic servicing and performance testing procedures.

WARNING

THIS POWER SUPPLY GENERATES VOLTAGES
THAT ARE DANGEROUS AND MAY BE FATAL.
OBSERVE EXTREME CAUTION WHEN WORKING
WITH HIGH VOLTAGE.

6.1 Periodic Servicing

Approximately once a year (more often in high dust environments), disconnect the power to the unit and remove the top cover. Use compressed air to blow dust out of the inside of the unit. Avoid touching or handling the high voltage assembly. Be sure that the fan (600W-1200W units only) is not obstructed and spins freely. The fan has sealed bearings and does not need lubrication. Be sure to replace the top cover before operating for proper cooling.

6.2 Performance Test

WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE IS DANGEROUS.

ONLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHOULD PERFORM THESE TESTS.

High voltage test procedures are described in Bulletin STP-783, Standard Test Procedures for High Voltage Power Supplies. Copies can be obtained from the Spellman Customer Service Department. Test equipment, including an oscilloscope, a high impedance voltmeter, and a high voltage divider such as the Spellman HVD-100 or HVD-200, is needed for performance tests. All test components must be rated for operating voltage.

6.3 High Voltage Dividers

High voltage dividers for precise measurements of output voltage with an accuracy up to 0.1% are available. An HVD-100 is used for voltages up to 100KV. An HVD-200 measures up to 200KV. The Spellman divider is designed for use with differential voltmeters or high impedance digital voltmeters. The high input impedance is ideal for measuring high voltage low current sources, which would be overloaded by traditional lower impedance dividers.

Chapter 7

REPLACEMENT PARTS

7.1 Replacement Parts

Contact the Spellman Customer Service Department for parts lists for specific models.

Parts and subassemblies for Spellman's high voltage power supplies are available. It is recommended that only qualified personnel perform the repairs. High voltage is dangerous; even minor mistakes in repairs can have serious consequences.

When requesting parts please give the model number and serial number of the power supply.

7.2 Correspondence and Ordering Spare Parts

Each power supply has an identification label on the rear of the chassis that bears its model and serial number.

When requesting engineering or applications information, please state the model and serial number of the power supply. If specific components or circuit sections are involved in the inquiry, it is helpful to indicate the component symbol number(s) shown on the applicable schematic diagram.

When ordering spare parts, please specify the part number, the component function, and the model and serial number of the unit.

Chapter 8

FACTORY SERVICE

8.1 Warranty Repairs

During the Warranty period, Spellman will repair all units free of charge. The Warranty is void if the unit is worked on by other than Spellman personnel. See the Warranty in the rear of this manual for more information. Follow the return procedures described in Section 8.2. The customer shall pay for shipping to and from Spellman.

8.2 Factory Service Procedures

Spellman has a well-equipped factory repair department. If a unit is returned to the factory for calibration or repair, a detailed description of the specific problem should be attached.

For all units returned for repair, please obtain an authorization to ship from the Customer Service Department, either by phone or mail prior to shipping. When you call, please state the model and serial numbers, which are on the plate on the rear of the power supply, and the purchase order number for the repair. A Return Material Authorization Code Number (RMA Number) is needed for all returns. This RMA Number should be marked clearly on the outside of the shipping container. Packages received without an RMA Number will be returned to the customer. The Customer shall pay for shipping to and from Spellman.

A preliminary estimate for repairs will be given by phone by Customer Service. A purchase order for this amount is requested upon issuance of the RMA Number. A more detailed estimate will be made when the power supply is received at the Spellman Repair Center. In the event that repair work is extensive, Spellman will call to seek additional authorization from your company before completing the repairs.

8.3 Ordering Options and Modifications

Many of the options listed in Chapter 5 can be retrofitted into Spellman's power supplies by our factory. For prices and arrangements, contact the Spellman Sales Department.

8.4 Shipping Instructions

All power supplies returned to Spellman must be sent shipping prepaid. Pack the units carefully and securely in a suitable container, preferably in the original container, if available. The power supply should be surrounded by at least four inches of shock absorbing material. Please return all associated materials, i.e. high voltage output cables, interconnection cables, etc., so that we can examine and test the entire system.

All correspondence and phone calls should be directed to:

Spellman High Voltage Electronics Corp.

475 Wireless Boulevard Hauppauge, New York 11788

TEL: (631) 630-3000 FAX: (631) 435-1620

E-Mail: sales@Spellmanhv.com

To obtain information on Spellman's product warranty please visit our website at:

http://www.spellmanhv.com/en/About/Warranty.aspx



eSL Manual

eSL Model Number



Each time you turn on the AC power and close the front panel circuit breaker the eSL will display its model number on the front panel. You will see something like:

eSL 30P300

eSL indicates this is the eSL series. 30 stands for 30kV (maximum output voltage). P is for positive output polarity (N would be for negative output polarity). 300 stands for 300 watts (maximum output power). This screen will clear in a few seconds and display the standard Standby/HVOFF screen.

Local Front Panel Operation

The eSL uses the current (left most) encoder to operate the front panel controls. Pushing the current encoder once will bring you to the menu screen. Rotating the current encoder will allow you to select the various operational setup submenus. Pushing the current encoder scrolls through the affiliated sections, allowing you to make selections and exit to the previous menu.

Front Panel Meters in Standby/HV OFF



Turning on the power to the eSL and closing the front panel circuit breaker will place the eSL into the Standby/HV OFF mode. The front panel kV and mA meters are active in this mode showing actual kV and mA. Because the power supply was just placed into HV OFF they typically will show zero, but had the unit just been in HV ON and placed into HV OFF residual output voltage could be shown especially if there is a light or no load condition. Even though the meter is showing the actual output voltage, do not rely on this measurement to touch anything connected to the output.

Only touch the output after disconnecting the AC power for a minimum of five (5) minutes and using a short circuit stick to discharge the output to ground. Danger: Failure to follow these instructions could have fatal consequences.

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Preset Mode



The eSL features a Preset Mode that allows for easy setting of the kV and mA program values. While the power supply is in Standby/HV OFF depress and hold in the green front panel HV OFF button. While doing so, the actual kV and mA values programmed into the power supply will be displayed on the kV and mA meters. Rotate the kV encoder to set the kV program set point. Rotate the mA encoder to set the mA program set point. The two encoders are setup so if you turn the dial slowly they will change by the smallest increment possible. If you rotate the encoder quickly they will change with larger increments. Release the HV OFF button and the eSL will go back to the Standby/HV OFF mode.



Main Menu Screen



Pushing the current encoder once will bring you to the main menu screen which displays the following:

Local/Remote Control Features Tutorial Diagnostic Exit

Local/Remote Control

Features



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Select the Features menu by pressing the current encoder once, you will open the Features submenu which will display:



Adjustable Overload Trip Slow Start Exit

Adjustable Overload Trip





This allows the user to set the current programming level as a trip point that will turn the power supply off with an Over Current fault if it ever tries to operate in Current Mode. Press the current encoder once to access the Adjustable Overload Trip Enable menu. Press the current encoder once to access the Enable/Disable menu. Rotate the current encoder to select Enable or Disable. Once you have made your selection press the current encoder once to exit the Enable/Disable menu. Rotate the current encoder to select Exit and press the current encoder once to go back to the Features Submenu.

Slow Start



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This allows the user to set the initial ramp of voltage or current that will occur when the high voltage is enabled. While at the main Features menu press the current encoder once to access the submenu. Rotate the current encoder to highlight the Slow Start menu. Press the current encoder to select the Slow Start menu. Rotate the current encoder to select kV Slow Start, mA Slow Start or Exit. The kV and mA Slow Start can be set to a minimum of zero seconds and a maximum of 99.9 seconds. Once you have selected the kV or mA Slow Start press the current encoder to move over to the time select menu. Rotate the current encoder to set the desired time. Press the current encoder to revert back to the kV Slow Start, mA Slow Start or Exit menu.

Tutorial



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Rotate the current encoder from the main menu and highlight Tutorial. Press the current encoder once to select Tutorial. Rotate the current encoder to navigate through the tutorial. Press the current encoder once when at the last screen to revert back to the main menu.

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Diagnostics



While at the main menu rotate the current encoder to highlight Diagnostics. Press the current encoder once to enter the Diagnostics submenu which will display:

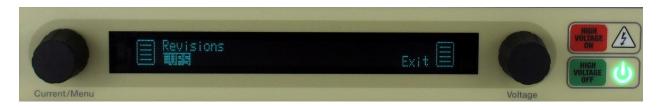
Revisions LVPS

Revisions



Press the current encoder once to enter the Revisions menu. Here pertinent information regarding the software, firmware and hardware revision status will be displayed. Press the current encoder once to exit.

LVPS





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Push the current encoder once to select Diagnostics, rotate the current encoder to select LVPS and press the current encoder once to make the selection. This screen will show the actual measured voltage for the +24, +15, +10, +5 and +3.3 volt internal housekeeping power supplies. Press the current encoder once to exit.

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eSL Digital Interface and GUI

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USA EUROPE JAPAN MEXICO

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1. The eSL Digital Interface

1.1. Ethernet

The eSL supports Ethernet communications only. Each Ethernet command will consist of a TCP/IP header followed by the required data bytes. Figure below summarizes the TCP/IP header configuration. Please note that this functionality is provided by the software implementation of the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) TCP/IP protocol stack, specifically the upper 4 layers.

Byte																		
0	Protocol	Header		Type of						Tot	tal I	∠en	gtł	1				
	Version	Length		Se	ervice	e												
4		Packet	ID	ID				Flags Fragmentation Offset									ŧt	
8	Time	e To Live		Pr	otoco	ol		Header checksum										
12					Sou	rce	Add	ress										
16				D	estin	atio	on Ao	ddre	SS									
20		Source F	ort							Γ)esti	inat	ion	Po	ort			
24		Sequence Number																
28		Acknowledgement Number																
32	Data Offset	Reserv	ed Code Bits							V	Vin	dov	V					
36		Checksum							Urge	ent	Poi	nte	er					
40	Data	a Byte 1	Data Byte 2					Data	a By	te 3				Dat	а Ву	/te	N	

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1.2. Network Settings

The eSL factory Network settings are as follows,

IP address 192.168.10.61
 Subnet Address 255.255.255.0
 Port 50001

It is possible to change these settings by invoking the embedded web server. To access the webserver, using your preferred Internet browser, enter unit's IP address on search text box. The following menu will appear after you enter username and password. The username is admin and password is shv.

Note. Exercise caution when changing network settings as this may lead to communication failures.



Configure Network Settings

IP Address:	192.168.10.61
Subnet Address:	255.255.255.0
Gateway Address:	192.168.10.1
Port:	50001
Mac Address:	FC:C2:3D:14:3A:AA
Device Id:	SPELLMAN
Save Refresh	

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1.3. Reset Ethernet Port Settings to Factory Configuration

The Ethernet port inside the eSL unit can be set back to its default factory configuration. This is useful when the eSL has problems establishing communications and current network settings are unknown.

With the eSL power turned off, find JP1 jumper header located on the back of ESL front panel. Place a jumper across JP1 two pins and turn power on. Using your preferred Internet browser, enter default IP address 192.168.10.61 on search box. Log in screen should appear. Enter same credentials as shown above. The network settings screen should appear. You can change network settings as desired now.

Turn power off and remove the jumper. Turn the unit back on. The eSL should establish communications using the settings you entered.

1.4. Messages Data Format

1.4.1. Messages sent from Host to the eSL Unit

Messages are always transmitted from the host to the unit. The host waits for the unit to reply before sending next message. The unit never initiates a message transfer. The message sent by the host is a string of ASCII characters. A message may or may not contain data. See table below.

Host sends message containing data to	STXCMD,DATA,,DATA,ETX
unit	
Host sends message containing no data	STXCMD,ETX
to unit	

Where:

STX ASCII 0x02 Start of message

CMD 2 numeric ASCII characters representing the command ID. See

commands below.

, ASCII 0x2C character

DATA One or more data strings in ASCII format and separated by commas

ETX ASCII 0x03 End of message

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1.4.2. Messages sent from eSL unit to Host

The message sent back by the units contains the received command and one or more data strings. If no data is to be sent back, a \$ character is sent as acknowledgment that message was received without errors. If the unit receives a message in error it will send an error code.

If the host receives a message in error, it will disregard the message and try again. The following are the messages that can be sent from unit to Host.

Unit received message successfully. It	STXCMD,DATA,,DATA,ETX
sends data back to host	
Unit received message successfully. No	STXCMD,\$,ETX
data to be sent. It sends	
acknowledgement	
Unit received message in error. It sends	STX,EC,ETX
error code	

Where:

STX ASCII 0x02 Start of message

CMD 2 numeric ASCII characters representing the command ID. See

commands below.
ASCII 0x2C character

DATA One or more data strings in ASCII format and separated by commas

ETX ASCII 0x03 End of message

\$ ASCII character indicating message was received successfully

EC Error code. 1: Wrong number of parameters or parameter out of range

2: Parsing error or invalid command code.

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1.4.3. Commands

1.4.3.1. Set KV (10)

This command programs a new voltage set point for the unit. This command works in remote mode only. Input range is 0 to 4095. Maximum KV equals 4095.

Example: set KV to 1024	
Sent to Unit	<stx>10,1024,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>10,\$,<etx></etx></stx>

1.4.3.2. Set mA (11)

This command programs a new current set point for the unit. This command works in remote mode only. Input range is 0 to 4095. Maximum mA equals 4095.

Example: set mA to 1024	
Sent to Unit	<stx>11,1024,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<\$TX>11,\$, <etx></etx>

1.4.3.3. Get KV (14)

This command requests the unit return the voltage set point. Input range is 0 to 4095. Maximum KV equal 4095.

Example: get KV set point				
Sent to Unit	<stx>14,<etx></etx></stx>			
Received from unit	<stx>14,1024,<etx></etx></stx>			

1.4.3.4. Get mA (15)

This command requests the unit return the current set point. Input range is: 0 to 4095. Maximum mA equals 4095.

Example: get mA set point				
Sent to Unit	<stx>15,<etx></etx></stx>			
Received from unit	<stx>15,1024,<etx></etx></stx>			

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1.4.3.5. Request High Voltage Status (22)

This command requests that the unit return current High Voltage (HV) status as follows:

• Argument 1 1: HV on 0: HV off

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>22,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>22,0,<etx></etx></stx>

1.4.3.6. Request System Status (32)

This command requests that the unit return the system status as follows:

1. Interlock closed: 1 Interlock open: 0

2. HV inhibited: 1

3. Over voltage fault: 1

4. Over current: 1

5. Over power: 1

6. Regulator error: 1

7. Arc fault : 1

8. Over temperature: 1

9. Adjustable Overload fault: 1

10. System fault: 1

11. Remote mode: 1 Local mode: 0

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>32,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>32,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,<etx></etx></stx>

1.4.3.7. Clear Faults (52)

This command clears faults remotely. No arguments required.

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>52,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>52,\$,<etx></etx></stx>

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1.4.3.8. Request ADC Data (20)

This command requests that the unit returns various converted analog values.

- 1. Positive KV (3983 equal to unit full scale in kilovolts)
- 2. mA (3983 equal to unit full scale in milliamps)
- 3. Not used
- 4. +24V (3246 equal to 24V)
- 5. +15V (2028 equal to 15V)
- 6. +10V (1353 equal to 10V)
- 7. +5V (3412 equal to 5V)
- 8. +3.3V (2252 equal to 3.3V)
- 9. Negative KV (3983 equal to unit full scale in kilovolts)

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>20,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<\$TX>20,0,1,4,3223,1867,1407,3417,2255,0, <etx></etx>

1.4.3.9. Enable High Voltage (99)

This commands turns high voltage on if there is no faults and interlock is closed. No arguments required.

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>99,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>99,\$,<etx></etx></stx>

1.4.3.10. Disable High Voltage (98)

This command turns high voltage off. No arguments required.

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>98,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>98,\$,<etx></etx></stx>

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1.4.3.11. Get Firmware revision number (66)

This command requests that the unit return the firmware version number.

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>66,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>66,19696,<etx></etx></stx>

1.4.3.12. Get Firmware Part number (23)

This command requests that the unit return the firmware part number.

Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>23,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>23,SWM0603-001,<etx></etx></stx>

1.4.3.13. Request Operation Mode (69)

This command returns the power supply operation mode.

Current mode on: 1 Current mode off: 0
 Voltage mode on: 1 Voltage mode off: 0

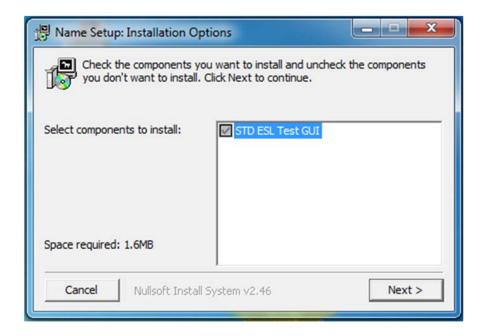
Example:	
Sent to Unit	<stx>69,<etx></etx></stx>
Received from unit	<stx>69,0,0,<etx></etx></stx>

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2. The eSL Test GUI

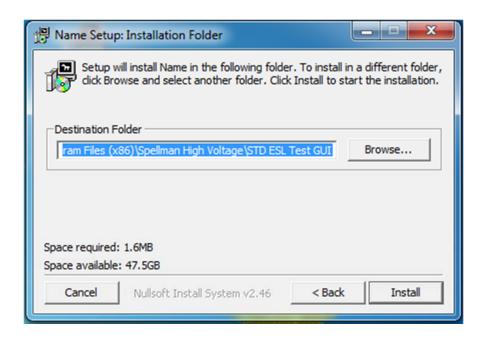
2.1. Installing the eSL GUI

Download latest version of eSL GUI from Spellman FTP site. This will be an executable file. Double click on it. The following picture will appear. Click Next.

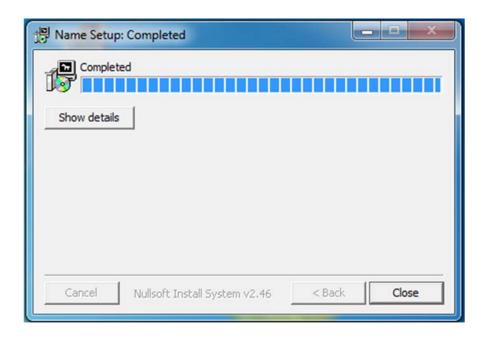


Accept the destination folder shown or change to your preferred location. Then click install.

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If installation was successful, the following screen will appear. Click Close



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2.2. Communications Set Up

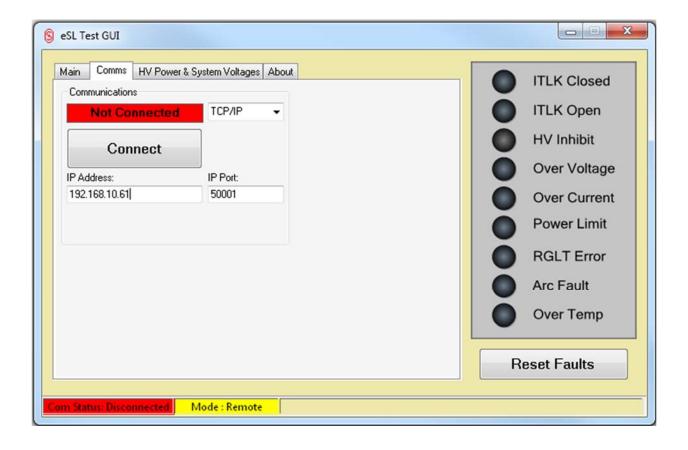
After installing the eSL GUI, open it up by clicking on Windows Start icon and selecting STD ESL Test GUI.



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After GUI screen comes up, go to Comms tab and check the network settings. If these are correct, click on Connect. The default IP address is 192.168.10.61. The default IP Port is 50001.

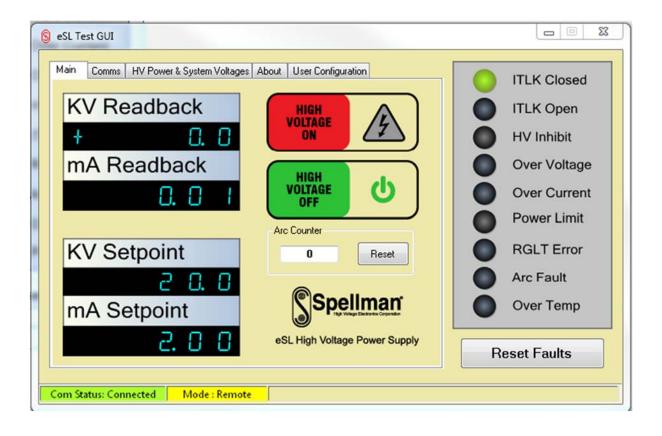
If the GUI communicates with the eSL unit correctly, Com Status on bottom left should turn green and read Connected.



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2.3. Main Menu

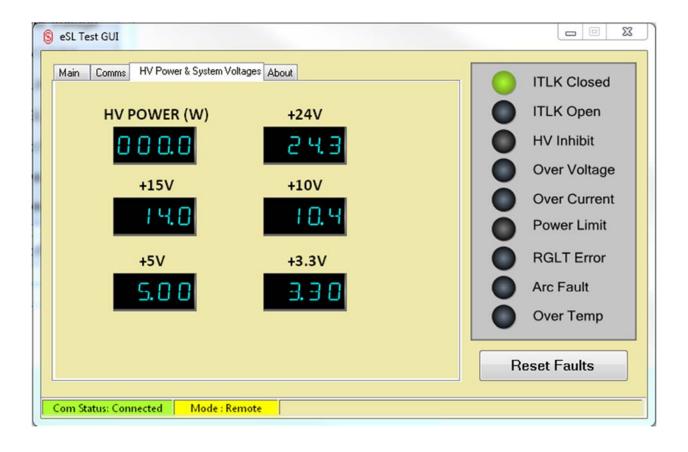
Go to Main tab. In this tab you can enter KV and mA set points. You can also turn high voltage on or off, read KV and mA values back, check for faults and arc events.



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2.4. High Voltage Power and System Voltages

Click on HV Power & System Voltages tab. The system voltages are constantly being monitored as long as the eSL unit is powered up. The HV Power numeric box displays the product of monitored KV and mA values. Units are Watts.



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2.5. User Configuration menu

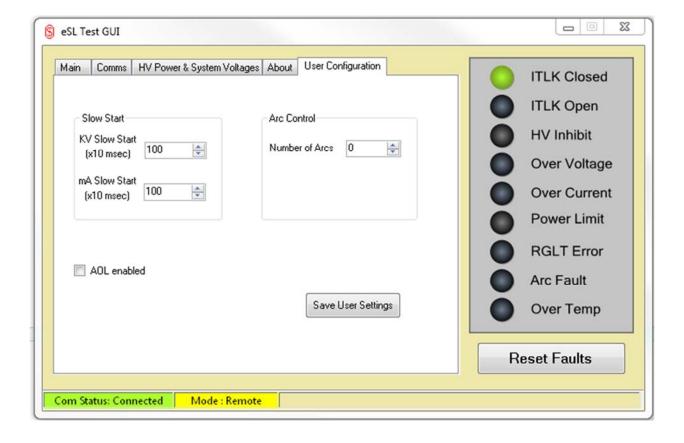
Enter the User Configuration menu by holding Shift key down and double clicking Spellman logo. The password is **useraccess**.

The Slow start group allows the user to set the KV and mA rise times. Units are tenths of milliseconds.

The Number of arcs determines how many arcs are allowed before system shuts down high voltage.

The AOL checkbox enables the Adjustable overload feature.

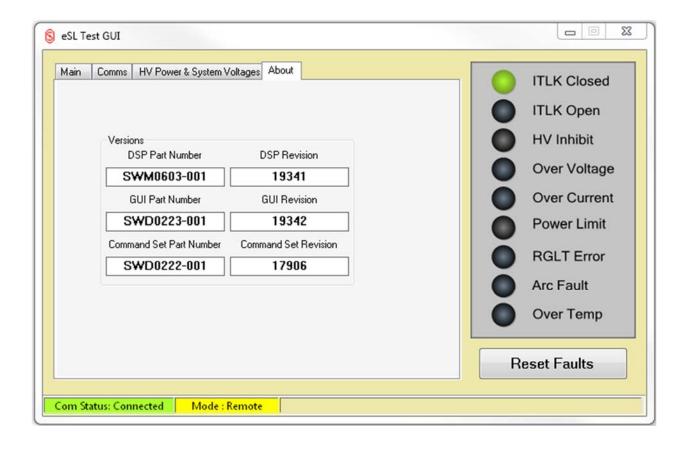
Click Save User settings to save settings permanently.



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2.6. About eSL GUI

The About tab displays the part number and revision of DSP firmware and GUI. This is helpful when reporting a problem.



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